



Mark Scheme (Results)

Summer 2024

Pearson Edexcel GCSE
In Combined Science Physics
(1SC0) Paper 2PH

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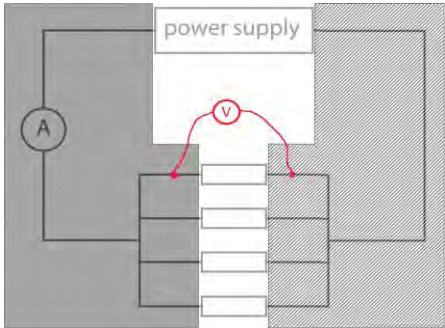
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General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

1SC0 2PH 2024 Results

Question Number	Answer	Mark
1(a)	<p>The only correct answer is B</p> <p><i>A, C and D are not correct because they do not add up to the current entering the junction AND they do not equal the current coming from the battery</i></p>	<p>(1) AO1.1</p>

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
1(b)(i)	voltmeter in parallel with resistors (1)	 <p>one voltmeter connection in each shaded region</p>	<p>(1) A)1.2</p>

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
1(b)(ii)	36(.4) (mA) (1)	<p>allow 36 to 37 inclusive</p> <p>may be seen in table in Figure 6</p>	<p>(1) AO3.2</p>

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
1(b)(iii)	<p>substitution into $V = IR$ (1)</p> <p>$6(.00) = 9.1 (\times 10^{-3}) \times R$</p> <p>rearrangement (1)</p> <p>$(R =) \frac{6(.00)}{9.1 (\times 10^{-3})}$</p> <p>evaluation (1)</p> <p>660 (Ω)</p>	<p>allow substitution and rearrangement in either order</p> <p>accept 18.2/2 or 27.3/3 or (36 to 37)/4 in place of 9.1</p> <p>allow substitution of correct values into a visible, incorrectly rearranged algebraic equation for this mark only</p> <p>$(R =) \frac{V}{I}$</p> <p>allow values that round to 660 e.g. 659.3</p> <p>award full marks for the correct answer without working.</p> <p>value rounding to 660 to any other power of 10 scores 2 marks</p>	(3) AO2.1

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
1(b)(iv)	<p>an explanation linking:</p> <p>(total) resistance increases (1)</p> <p>(because) current decreases (1)</p> <p>(and) voltage stays the same (1)</p>	<p>fewer paths for the current</p> <p>resistance calculations supporting increasing resistance</p>	(3) AO3.2

Total for Question 1 =9 marks

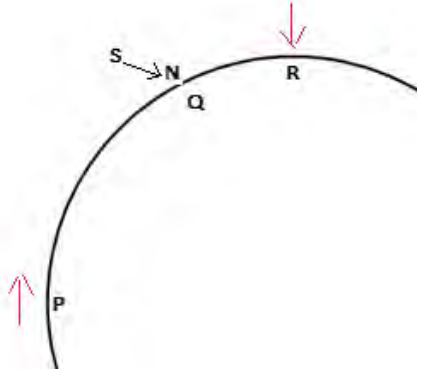
Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2(a)	<p>substitution (1)</p> $8.96 = \frac{14.1}{V}$ <p>rearrangement (1)</p> $(V =) \frac{14.1}{8.96}$ <p>evaluation (1)</p> $(V =) 1.57 \text{ (cm}^3\text{)}$	<p>allow substitution and rearrangement in either order</p> <p>allow substitution of correct values into a visible, incorrectly rearranged algebraic equation for this mark only</p> $(V =) \frac{m}{\rho}$ <p>accept numbers that round to 1.57 allow 1.6 award full marks for the correct answer without working</p> <p>allow 1.6 or answers rounding to 1.57 to any other power of 10 scores 2 marks</p>	(3) AO2.1

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2(b)	<p>an explanation linking:</p> <p>density of solid is greater (than density of liquid) (1)</p> <p>(because) distance between particles in solid is less (than distance between particles in liquid) (1)</p>	<p>solids are denser</p> <p>accept in solids, particles are closer</p> <p>accept in solids, there are more particles per unit volume / particles are more (tightly) packed</p>	(2) AO1.1

	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2(c)	substitution into $Q = m \times L$ (1) $(Q =) 60 (\times 10^{-3}) \times 2.26 (\times 10^6)$ evaluation (1) 1.36×10^5 (J)	$136\,000$ (J) $135\,600$ (J) accept numbers that round to 1.4×10^5 (J) award full marks for the correct answer without working any answer rounding to 1.4 to any other power of 10 scores 1 mark	(2) AO2.1

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2 (d)	estimation (1) reading off scale either 1750 or 1350 seen evaluation (1) 400 (cm ³)	allow estimate in range 1300-1400 or 1700-1800 for 1 mark accept any answer between 350 and 450 (cm ³) award full marks for the correct answer without working if no other marks scored accept an answer between 350 and 450 to any other power of 10 for one mark	(2) AO2.2

Total for Question 2 = 9 marks

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3 (a) i	<p>arrow pointing up the page at P (1)</p> <p>arrow pointing down the page at R (1)</p>	 <p>judge directions by eye – within 10° acceptable as a guide allow arrows inside or outside the circle</p>	(2) AO3.1

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3 (a) ii	<p>an explanation linking any three from:</p> <p>Earth has a magnetic field (1)</p> <p>(magnetic compass) needle/arrow points in the direction of the field (1)</p> <p>(Earth's magnetic) field goes into Earth at Q and/or R / comes out of Earth at T (1)</p> <p>(Earth's magnetic) field runs parallel to Earth's surface at P (1)</p> <p>Q and/or R are at (magnetic) south pole / T is at (magnetic) north pole (1)</p>	<p>credit answers shown in Figure 13</p> <p>the core is magnetic / (it is as if there were a) magnet inside the Earth</p> <p>(north pole of compass) needle/arrow points to south pole of magnet</p> <p>magnetic field lines go from north to south poles of magnet</p> <p>magnetic south pole of Earth is at (geographic) north pole or RA</p>	(3) AO3.1

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3 (b) i	arrow pointing vertically up (1)	seen anywhere judge direction by eye	(1) AO2.1

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3 (b) ii	statement (1) accept any clear action that will reverse the current OR accept any clear action that will reverse the poles	swap the battery connections around turn the magnet around	(1) AO2.2

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3 (b)iii	rearrangement and substitution (1) (B =) $\frac{0.078}{3.2 \times 0.042}$ evaluation (1) 0.58 (T)	(B =) $\frac{0.078}{0.1344}$ any number rounding to 0.6 (T) award full marks for the correct answer without working	(2) AO2.1

Total for Question 3 = 9 marks

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4 (a)	<p>substitution (1)</p> $7440 = 645 \times \text{distance}$ <p>rearrangement (1)</p> $(\text{distance} =) \frac{7440}{645}$ <p>evaluation and rounding to 3sf (1)</p> <p>11.5 (m)</p>	<p>rearrangement and substitution in either order</p> <p>allow substitution of correct values into a visible, incorrectly rearranged algebraic equation for this mark only</p> <p>(distance =) $\frac{\text{work done}}{\text{force}}$</p> <p>11.53 (m) scores 2 marks only</p> <p>award full marks for the correct answer without working</p>	(3) AO2.1


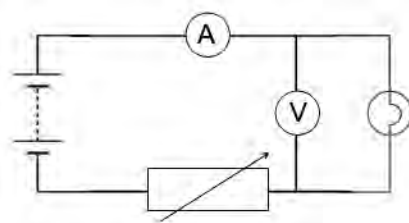
Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4 (b) i	<p>a description to include two clear statements of what is measured plus further details</p> <p>use scales / a balance to measure mass(es) (1)</p> <p>use a (metre) rule to measure a</p>	<p>marks may be scored from the diagram</p> <p>allow counts up the total mass on the hanger</p> <p>allow use newton meter / scale / balance to measure weight</p>	(4) AO1.2

	distance / height (1) PLUS any two from set balance to zero / tare (before placing masses) (1) measure initial and final heights (1) use of same reference point for height measurements (1) clamp vertical rule / detail of checking rule is vertical (1) selects $GPE = m g (\Delta)h$ (1)	allow ruler / measuring tape ignore metre stick e.g. top of masses (GPE =) work done = weight x distance	
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Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4 (b) ii	rearrangement and substitution (1) $\frac{5.8}{320 \times 10^{-3} \times 10}$ evaluation (1) 1.8 (m)	$\frac{5.8}{0.320 \times 10}$ any number rounding to 1.8 e.g. 1.8125 award full marks for the correct answer without working	(2) AO2.1

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4 (b) iii	award one mark for any stated reason from: friction (in the motor) (1) heating (electrical or from frictional effects) (1)	other valid answers possible allow 'it needs oiling' etc. to thermal (energy store) / energy transferred to surroundings / energy dissipated allow it gets hot ignore sound	(1) AO1.1

Total for Question 4= 10 marks

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5 (a)	<p>a complete circuit diagram with</p> <p>a correct symbol for a variable resistor added in series with a lamp (1)</p> <p>ammeter connected in series with a lamp (1)</p> <p>voltmeter added in parallel with a lamp (1)</p>	<p>allow inclusion of this lamp symbol in series with the power supply </p> <p>allow potential divider or potentiometer alternative</p> <p>allow ammeter and voltmeter symbols to be shown in square boxes</p> <p>example:</p> 	(3) AO1.2

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5 (b) i	<p>any one suggestion from</p> <p>(collect data in a) short time (1)</p> <p>simultaneous measurement (of current and voltage) (1)</p> <p>gives an immediately accessible graph to analyse / think about (1)</p> <p>greater number of / more data pairs collected (1)</p> <p>improves reliability (1)</p>	<p>allow saves time</p> <p>allow it is fast</p> <p>ignore 'accuracy'</p> <p>ignore 'precision'</p>	(1) AO2.2

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5 (b) ii	a description to include as potential difference increases current increases (1) non-linear (1)	curve / changes gradient / changes steepness	(2) AO3.2

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5 (b) iii	an explanation linking any attempt at calculating resistance using data from the graph and $R=V/I$ (1) with a second pair of values used to give another value for resistance showing that resistance increases as p.d. increases (1)	alternative as potential difference increases resistance increases with shown by gradient of graph decreasing as p.d. increases	(2) AO1.2

Question Number	Answer	Mark
5(c)	The only correct answer is A time = $\frac{\text{charge}}{\text{current}}$ <i>B, C and D are incorrect expressions not yielding time as the subject of an equation e.g. B would be 'Coulomb Amps', not recognisable as a physical quantity. Similar arguments for C and D</i>	(1) AO1.1

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
5(d)	<p>an explanation linking</p> <p>(potential difference) is energy (transferred) per unit charge (passed) (1)</p> <p>so units of p.d. = J/C or Nm/C (1)</p>	allow $pd = \frac{\text{energy}}{\text{charge}}$	(2) AO1.1

Total for Question 5=11 marks

Question Number	Answer	Mark
6(a)	<p>The only correct answer is C from solid to gas</p> <p><i>A</i> is 'condensation' <i>B</i> is 'freezing' <i>D</i> is 'melting'</p>	(1) AO1.1

Question Number	Answer	Mark
6(b)	<p>The only correct answer is C the mean distance between the particles inside the can</p> <p><i>A, B and D have physical quantities which will all increase upon heating</i></p>	(1) AO3.1

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
6 (c) i	rearrangement and substitution (1) $(\Delta\theta =) \frac{210 (x10^3)}{5.8 \times 860}$ evaluation (1) 42 (°C)	$(\Delta\theta =) \frac{210 (x10^3)}{4988}$ accept any value which rounds to 42 e.g. 42.10 award full marks for the correct answer without working 4.2 to any other power of 10 scores 1 mark	(2) AO2.1

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
6 (c) ii	<p>an explanation linking any two from</p> <p>not all the energy supplied goes to the <u>brick</u> (1)</p> <p>not all the energy supplied stays in the <u>brick</u> (1)</p> <p>energy transferred to the storage heater parts (1)</p> <p>energy transferred to the surroundings (1)</p> <p>argument linking $\Delta\theta$ to ΔQ using $\Delta\theta = \frac{\Delta Q}{m \times c} \text{ (1)}$</p>	<p>ignore:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • energy is lost / wasted, unqualified • not 100% efficient • arguments about sound energy <p>accept heat for energy throughout</p> <p>less (thermal) energy given to <u>brick</u></p> <p>energy transfers from the <u>brick</u></p> <p>energy dissipated</p> <p>from the equation, if energy supplied to the block is smaller the change of temperature will be smaller</p> <p>‘brick transfers (thermal) energy to the surroundings’ scores 2 marks</p>	(2) AO2.1

SSQ NO:	CS NO :	Answer	Mark
* 6(d)		<p>Answers will be credited according to candidate's deployment of knowledge and understanding of the material in relation to the qualities and skills outlined in the generic mark scheme.</p> <p>The indicative content below is not prescriptive and candidates are not required to include all the material which is indicated as relevant. Additional content included in the response must be scientific and relevant.</p> <p>(Accept the method of cooling a heated object in water but consult your TL.)</p> <p style="text-align: center;">AO1 strand 2 (6 marks)</p> <p>Details of the apparatus to include:</p> <div data-bbox="472 1024 1273 1556" data-label="Image"> </div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • credit all elements seen in diagram or stated • may also include power supply / electrical circuitry • other apparatus – balance / scales ; stopwatch ; voltmeter / ammeter / joulemeter 	(6) AO1.2

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ignore bunsen burner <p style="text-align: right;"><i>(continued ...)</i></p> <p>Steps taken with the procedure and calculation including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> measure mass of water (with a balance) measure initial temperature (with thermometer) switch on for a (set) time / use of stopwatch measure final / highest temperature (reached) measure energy input on joulemeter / measure V, I and t extra detail e.g. stirring / how to get final maximum temperature rearrange $\Delta Q = m \times c \times \Delta\theta$ to find c $c = \frac{\Delta Q}{m \times \Delta\theta}$ correct use of graph to determine c 	
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Level	Mark	Descriptor
	0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No rewardable material.
Level 1	1-2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Demonstrates elements of physics understanding, some of which is inaccurate. Understanding of scientific, enquiry, techniques and procedures lacks detail. (AO1) Presents a description which is not logically ordered and with significant gaps. (AO1)
Level 2	3-4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Demonstrates physics understanding, which is mostly relevant but may include some inaccuracies. Understanding of scientific ideas, enquiry, techniques and procedures is not fully detailed and/or developed. (AO1)

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Presents a description of the procedure that has a structure which is mostly clear, coherent and logical with minor steps missing. (AO1)
Level 3	5-6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Demonstrates accurate and relevant physics understanding throughout. Understanding of the scientific ideas, enquiry, techniques and procedures is detailed and fully developed. (AO1) Presents a description that has a well-developed structure which is clear, coherent and logical. (AO1)

summary for guidance

Level	Mark	Additional Guidance	General additional guidance – the decision within levels e.g. - At each level, as well as content, the scientific coherency of what is stated will help place the answer at the top, or the bottom, of that level.
	0	No rewardable material.	
Level 1	1–2	<u>Additional guidance</u> list of relevant apparatus: at least 2 items AND at least one reasonable step described OR gives equation to find c	<u>Possible candidate responses</u> some apparatus named e.g. thermometer, balance, stirrer, joulemeter, ammeter, voltmeter, beaker diagram with some labels measure mass of water use a thermometer use of $\Delta Q = m \times c \times \Delta\theta$
Level 2	3–4	<u>Additional guidance</u> list of apparatus for measurements AND logical steps including how to find $\Delta\theta$ OR	<u>Possible candidate responses</u> balance / thermometer together with joulemeter / stopwatch etc. measure initial and final temperatures with a thermometer

		ΔQ	realistic use of joulemeter
Level 3	5–6	<p><u>Additional guidance</u> understanding is detailed and fully developed. includes detail about apparatus used to obtain measurements</p> <p>AND details in steps taken, including how to find $\Delta\theta$ AND ΔQ</p> <p>AND how to determine c</p>	<p><u>Possible candidate responses</u></p> <p>(use of) balance / thermometer / stopwatch / insulated can / electrical heater etc.</p> <p>measure mass of water (with a balance) / measure initial and final temperatures with a thermometer + electrical heating applied for a (set) time + realistic use of joulemeter (or power (VI) and time)</p> $c = \frac{\Delta Q}{m \times \Delta\theta}$

Total for Question 6 = 12 marks